Introduction to Grid'5000

Aladdin-G5K development team

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INRIA

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Introduction

How to study large scale parallel or distributed systems?

Different approaches:

- Formal proof
 - ► How to get a mathematical model of reality?
- Simulation
 - How to make sure the simulator is realistic?
- Emulation
 - How to emulate processors, network cards, switches and routers?
- Experimentation
 - Where to find an full-scale experimentation testbed ?

Grid'5000 aims at providing an experimentation testbed to study large scale parallel or distributed systems

Grid'5000 is still an experimental platform as well: building such a platform is a full-fledged research topic

Producing reproducible and relevant scientific results

Simulation

- Find (develop) a good simulator and archive the version you used
- Archive the version of your application as well as input files

Emulation/Experimentation

- Prepare an environment for your experiment, trying to minimize outside interferences
- Archive the version of your application and input files
- Archive the whole environment you used:
 - Archive the software environment (OS, software, configuration information) used on the nodes
 - Archive the description of the resources used in the experience (CPU, memory, network, ...)

While obtaining relevant results when doing simulation highly depends on finding a realistic model, obtaining reproductible results when doing full-scale experiments is a real challenge.

Definitions

Some definitions

Parallel computing

The simultaneous execution of the same task (split up and specially adapted) on multiple processors in order to obtain results faster. The idea is based on the fact that the process of solving a problem usually can be divided into smaller tasks, which may be carried out simultaneously with some coordination.

Distributed computing

A programming paradigm focusing on designing distributed, open, scalable, transparent, fault tolerant systems. This paradigm is a natural result of the use of computers to form networks.

Cluster

Group of linked computers, working together closely so that in many aspects they form a single computer. The components of a cluster are commonly, but not always, connected to each other through fast LAN.

Some definitions

Grid

The sharing of computing resources (computers, clusters, parallel machines, ...) by a collection of people and institutions in a flexible and secured environment. The computing resources may be loosely coupled.

Site

Geographical place where a set of computing resources shares the same administration policy.

Large scale

Today, thinking large scale is thinking bigger than a big cluster on one site. The problems ALADDIN-G5K seeks to address are those of using hundreds of machines distributed on different sites.

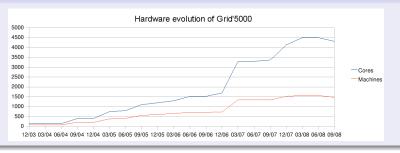
General presentation of Aladdin/Grid'5000

A bit of history

Structures

- Prototype: the Grid'5000 project of the french ACI GRID incentive is launched -2003-2005
- First phase: the Grid'5000 platform is opened to users 2005-2007
- Today: ALADDIN-G5K, INRIA's effort to further develop Grid'5000 2008-2011

Hardware

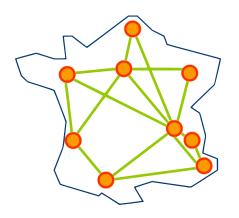


Grid5000 Basic Design Concepts

- Large-Scale and distributed
- 1/3 heterogenous and 2/3 homogenous hardware resources
- Dedicated network links between sites
 - isolate Grid5000 from the rest of the Internet
 - let packets fly inside Grid5000 without limitation
- Deep reconfiguration mechanism for experiments on all layers of the software stack
- User has full control of the reserved experimental resources

A nation-wide grid

9 sites



Sites

Bordeaux, Grenoble, Lille, Lyon, Nancy, Orsay, Rennes, Sophia, Toulouse

The hardware

CPU families

- AMD Opteron (78%), Intel Xeon EMT64 (22%)
- MonoCore (41%), DualCore (46%), QuadCore (13%)
- All machines are bi-processors
- In the past: Intel Itanium 2 and Xeon IA32, IBM PowerPC

High performance networks

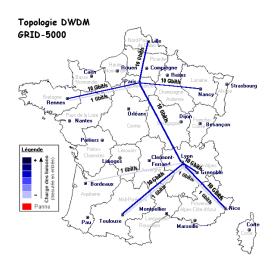
- Myrinet 2000 (222 cards)
- Myrinet 10G (423 cards)
- InfiniBand 10G (161 cards)

At a glance

- 4792 cores / 9 sites
- Gigabit Ethernet interconnect everywhere and 10Gb/s backbone
- More informations on: https://www.grid5000.fr/mediawiki/index.php/Special:G5KHardware

A 10Gb/s backbone network

Renater 5



People

Steering committee

Representative of the institutional partners involved in the project

Executive committee

- Head director: Thierry Priol
- Scientific director: Franck Capello
- Technical director: David Margery

Technical committee

Set of engineers divided in two teams

- The support team: administration of the platform, development of administration tools, support to users
- The development team: design and development of the major tools used for the platform operation
- Contributors are welcome (developments, meetings, feedbacks, ...)

Context of work

Help can be found in the community



Grid'5000 is a community

Questions can be asked:

- to colleagues on your site or other Grid'5000 users you know
- to the local Grid'5000 staff if questions are about the usage of the infrastructure (BUT your local admin is not an MPI or a Globus expert)
- to the Grid'5000 users' mailing-lists

And please participate to the communitty effort by also answering questions when you can help!

Shared instrument

Everyone should be civic-minded and should avoid the following behaviors:

- I think that my experience is the most important, so I can use all the resources for a very long time
- In order to let the user perform their experiments, the platform features a low security level. Thus I can abuse the system and disturb other users while they are performing experiments

User charter

Everyone must read and accept the user charter

https://www.grid5000.fr/mediawiki/index.php/Grid5000:UserCharter

Using Grid'5000 resources

Typical use case

- Connect to the platform on a site
- Reserve some resources
- Configure the resources (optional)
- Run your experiment
- Grab the results
- Free the resources

Provided services

Your account

With a Grid'5000 account, you'll get

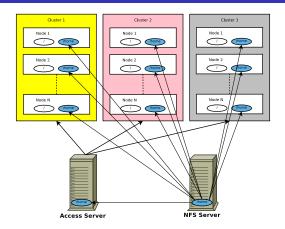
- Access to the Grid'5000 wiki
- Subscribed to {users,platform,announce}@lists.grid5000.fr
- Disk quota for your home directory on every Grid'5000 sites
- Access to Grid'5000

The key to Grid'5000 access is SSH

Warning

You shouldn't expect to be able to use Grid'5000 if you don't understand how SSH works and how it interacts with your home directory.

Shared home directory on a site



Advice

- There are as many NFS servers (and therefore different home directories) as sites
- If you need to share some files between several sites, you must perform the synchronization explicitly (with rsync for instance)

Grid'5000's software stack

The tools you'll be using are a mixture of

- Standard tools (e.g. ssh, openIdap, ganglia, squid, mediawiki, bugzilla, ...)
- Tools dedicated to Grid'5000, developed and supported
 - by teams loosely related to Grid'5000 technical staff (OAR, taktuk, GRUDU)
 - now under the maintenance of the technical staff (kadeploy)
- User contributed tools, sometimes hosted on the grid5000-code project on gforge.inria.fr (e.g. oargrid, katapult, kanon)

All credits or blames do not go the the ALADDIN-G5K development team!

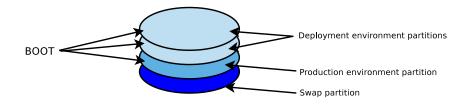
Kadeploy: The reconfiguration tool

- Initial concept and development under the supervision of Olivier Richard (LIG / Mescal)
- Now maintained and developed by Emmanuel Jeanvoine (INRIA / ALADDIN-G5K development team)

Purpose

Modify the entire software stack on the nodes

The Grid'5000 nodes are running with a given operating system based on GNU/Linux. For many reasons, you may want to use something else than the default installation, for example to change the operating system. This is the purpose of the Kadeploy tool.



Modifying the environment on a set of nodes

First step

Perform a resource reservation with OAR and specify that you want to deploy an environment on these nodes

```
oarsub -I -l nodes=4 -t deploy
```

Second step

Launch Kadeploy on the set of nodes

kadeploy -e environment -f \$OAR_NODEFILE

Third step

At the end of the deployment, Kadeploy shows you the nodes that have been correctly deployed or not with your environment.

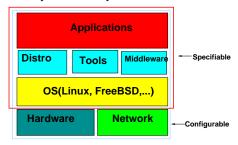
After your reservation has ended

The nodes will be automatically rebooted on the production environment.

Management of the environments

Deployable environment are recorded in a database. You can use

- An environment provided by the staff (they should be described on the wiki)
- An environment created by another user
- An environment you created yourself



Environment

The maintained environments

The support team maintains some environments that are usable on all clusters (their kernel has support for the whole range of Grid'5000's hardware). They should be suitable as a seed for customization for the majority of users. These environments are based on the stable and unstable Debian distributions.

Three flavors for the environments

- base: provides a minimal software set and to avoid unnecessary services annoyances
- nfs: same package list as base plus the ability to log in with your LDAP account and access your home directory on the deployed node
- big: provides the same package list as nfs and a set of additional packages used for compilation, debugging, text edition, ...

Create your own environment

Modify an existing environment

- Deploy the existing environment and modify it
- Dump the deployed partition (tgz-g5k tool)
- Provide a description of your environment and record it with the karecordenv tool

Create your own environment from scratch

- Deploy any environment on the 1st deployment partition to become root
- Use the 2nd deployment partition as a target to install your new OS
- Use a virtual machine to install the OS from an ISO cd on the target partition or use a software like debootstrap to install a Debian based OS
- add the needed disk and network drivers in the kernel/initrd
- Dump the deployed partition with the tgz-g5k tool
- Provide a description of your environment and record it with the kaenv3 tool

Benefits of Kadeploy

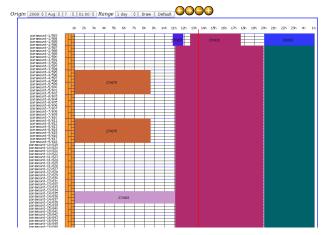
- By creating your own environment, you can have the libs you want and you can tweak the system
- By deploying your own environment, you can become root on the nodes
- By using the -t deploy options of OAR, you gain access to the kareboot and kaconsole commands.
- By using your own environment, you can reproduce your experiments without being bothered by a system update performed by the administrator

The experience steering tools

The Gantt chart

Graphical view of the job submitted on the platform





Grid5000 Lyon OAR nodes

Summary:

OAR node status	Free	Busy	Total
Nodes	52	75	135
Cores	104	150	270

Reservations:



User reports

Grid'5000 user reports

This report aims at providing information about you and your usage of the Grid'5000 platform

Please give relevant information so that we can present works being done on the platform in conferences, reports and project evaluations... As it is public, the content of your report can be moderated (for discussions or other remarks, please use the mailing list: usersgalists.grid 5000.fr izit). All information are stored in a database, so you will be able to edit everything again if needed.

Thanks for filing your report (in english preferably) and keeping it up to date...



Bordeaux:

- . Alexandre Denis (Researcher (CRI), Runtime LaBRI Bordeaux (2008-07-08 22-68-25)
- Kristian Kocher (Master student), runtime inna bordeaux sud quest Bordeaux (2008-06-20 11:57:27)
- . François Trahay (PhD student), Runtime LaBRI Bordeaux (2008-08-08-14-32-37) . Stephanie Moreaud (PhD student), Runtime LaBRI Bordeaux (2007/22/29 25/35/46)
- . Olivier Text and (Researcher (CRI), TAO (Innia Futura) Ini (Criss, Innia Paris Surf) (Pray (France) (1997) 114 (1997)
- . Pierre Ramet (Lecture/Associate Professor (MCFI), ScAlApplix LaRRI Rordeaux (ros 1919) to 1919). . Pascal Henon (Researcher (CRI), Scalappix (INRIA) LaBPI Bordeaux (2002/22/03/1928/00)
- Adrien Goeffon (Post-Doc), MAGNOME LaBRI Bordeaux (2007-21-06 11:55-02)
- . David Sherman (Researcher (CRI), Magnome INRIA Futurs Bordeaux (2007-20-03 22:05:04)
- brice goglin (Engineer), LaBRI Bordeaux (2007/03/05 18/42/577
- Nicolas Bonichon (Lecturer/Associate Professor (MCF)), Cepage LaBRI Bordaeux (2007/03/2018/27/27)
- . Nathalie Furmento (Engineer). Runtime LaRRI Bordeaux (2012/03/2015/03/2015
- Olivier Aumane (Researcher (CR)). Burtime LaRRI Rordeaux (2002.03.25.25.25.26.26. . Elisabeth Brunet (PhO student). Runtime LaBRI Bordeaux (2017/02/25) 12/07/09
- . Brice Goglin (Researcher (CRI), Runtime LaBRI Bordeaux (2007/02/0622/2002)
- Christophe Frezier (Engineer), Runtime LaBRI Bordeaux (2007-02-21 17:15:20)
- . Nicolas Richart (PhD student), ScAlApplix LaBRI Bordeaux (2007-02-22 17:38:00)
- . Mickael Raynaud (fingmeer), Iparla LaBRI / Inria Futurs Bordeaux (2007/02/2) 27/20/297
- Aurelien Exnard (Lecturer/Associate Professor (MCF)), ScAlApplix LaBRI Bordeaux (2007/02/01)27/08/129
- . Guilbern Caramel (Engineer). Scalapplic LaRRI Bordeaux (2012/02/21 12/01/01)
- . Mathieu Souchaud (Engineer), ScAlApplix LaBRI Bordeaux (2007-02-21 27:00:44)
- . Frank Prat (Post-Doc), Magigue3D LMA Pay (2016/08/02/24/1952)
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- . Olivier Coulaud (Senior researcher (DRI), ScAlApplix Innia Futurs Bordeaux (2016/08/03) 1656/201
- . François Broquedis (Master student), LEGO/NUMASIS LaBRI Bordeaux (2006-08-03 10:26:23) . Jérôme Clet-Ortega (Master student). ANR LEGO LaRRI Rordeaux (2016/03/10/25/12)
- . Guillaume Anciaux (PhO student), Scalappix LABRI Bordeaux (2006-08-03 1618-15)

Grenoble:

- . Alexander Viscor (PhD student) TEAR LV Granchia (1991 or 1991)
- Pierre-François Butet // acturer/Associate Professor /MCFU MOUS US Grenoble managed to sculp . Xavier Besseron (PhD student), MOAIS US Grenoble (2008-07-0716.33.56)
- . Sami Achour (PhD student), MOAIS UP Grenoble (2008-07-02 2000-046)
- . Lucas Schnorr (PhD student), MOAIS LIG Monbonnot (2008-06-23 10.54:20)
- Krzysztof Rzadca (PhO student), MOAS LIG (2018) 627 1638:271
- Frederic Bouquet (Master student), UG MESCAL (2008-05-27 14-25-49)

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Thanks for filling your report (in english preferably) and keeping it up to date...

User information

Thomas Ropars (PhD student) Paris IRISA Rennes, France (Rennes) Email address: tropars@irisa.fr @

Experiments

· Application Monitoring in Vigne (Middleware) [achieved]

Description: Vigne is a Grid Operating System. We have tested the application monitoring system of Vigne and especially the failure detection. To do this, we randomly kill some of the processes of the applications executed by Vigne to see if the failures were detected and the failed applications re-scheduled.

· Monitoring cost of GAMoSe (Middleware) [achieved]

Description: G&MoSe is an Application Monitoring System designed for orids. It is designed to handle high availability and scalability issues. A set of monitoring mechanisms are used to effectively monitor nodes and application processes. GAMoSe has been integrated into the Vigne Grid Operating System. For this experiments, Vigne is deployed on all the nodes and applications are submitted. Failures are simulated with kill signals send to some applications. Through this experiement, we want to show that GANoSe is able to provide dependable information with a minimal cost on Grid performances

· Evaluation of O2P (Middleware) (in progress)

Description: O2P is an optimistic message logging protocol that aims at providing fault tolerance for message passing applications. O2P is implemented in Open NPL We want to evaluate the cost of O2P on failure free execution using the has Parallel Renchmarks. We want to compare normal execution with execution using 02P reparting execution time and message size. Results:

Publications

· GAMoSe: An Accurate Monitoring Service for Grid Applications [2007] (international) EntryType: inproceedings

Author: Ropers, Thomas and Jeanwoine, Emmanuel and Morin, Christine

Bookbile: 6th International Symposium on Parallel and Distributed Computing (ISPDC 2007) Ragger 205-202

Address: Hagenberg Austria Keywords: GRID, MONITORING, Vigne

 Providing OoS in a Grid Application Monitoring Service [2006] (international) EntryType: techneport

Author: Ropers, Thomas and learwoine, Emmanuel and Morin, Christine

Research Report

Institution: RISAParis Research group, Université de Rennes 1, EDF R&D, INRIA

Katapult

Software developed by Lucas Nussbaum (LIG / Mescal)

Automates some tasks for experiments using deployments

- Deploying the nodes
- Re-deploying the nodes if too many of them failed
- Copying the user's SSH key to the nodes
- See: http://www-id.imag.fr/~nussbaum/katapult.php

Some links

Usefull links for novice people

The Grid'5000 wiki

• The main page:

https://www.grid5000.fr/mediawiki/index.php/Grid5000:Home

• The user pages:

https://www.grid5000.fr/mediawiki/index.php/Category:Portal:User

• The platform status:

https://www.grid5000.fr/mediawiki/index.php/Status

The mailing lists

- At the opening of your account, your email will be automatically added to the Grid'5000 user list. You will be able to send your questions to the same list by using the following address: users@lists.grid5000.fr
- If you are interested by the development of the platform, you can subscribe to the devel mailing-list: http://lists.grid5000.fr/wws/subrequest/devel

